

FIG. 1

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	MASCULINE SINGULAR	FEMININE SINGULAR	NEUTER SINGULAR	MASCULINE, FEMININE & NEUTER PLURAL
SUBJECT NOMINATIVE	der neue neuer ein neuer Mann 1	die neue neue eine neue Hand 1	das neue neues ein neues Haus 1	die neuen neue ihre neuen Männer 3
INDIRECT OBJECT DATIVE	dem neuen neuem einem neuen Mann(e) 1 + (e)	der neuen neuer einer neuen Hand 1	dem neuen neuem einem neuen Haus(e) 1 + (e)	den neuen neuen ihren neuen Männern 3 + (n)
DIRECT OBJECT ACCUSATIVE	den neuen neuen einen neuen Mann 1	die neue neue eine neue Hand 1	das neue neues ein neues Haus 1	die neuen neue ihre neuen Männer 3

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FIG. 1

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a computer system 20 according to one embodiment of the present invention. The computer system 20 includes a processing unit 40, a system memory 50, an output peripheral interface 85, a video interface 41, a user input interface 80, a network interface 90, a non-volatile memory interface 60, a removable non-volatile memory interface 70, a monitor 84, a printer 86, speakers 87, a modem 92, a keyboard 82, a pointing device 81, a microphone 83, a remote computer 94, and remote application programs 95. The system memory 50 includes system memory (ROM) 51, BIOS 53, system memory (RAM) 52, operating system 54, application programs 55, other program modules 56, and program data 57. The non-volatile memory interface 60 is connected to non-volatile memory 61. The removable non-volatile memory interface 70 is connected to removable non-volatile memory 71, 72, 75, and 76. The network interface 90 is connected to a local area network 91 and a wide area network 93. The wide area network 93 is connected to a remote computer 94 and remote application programs 95.

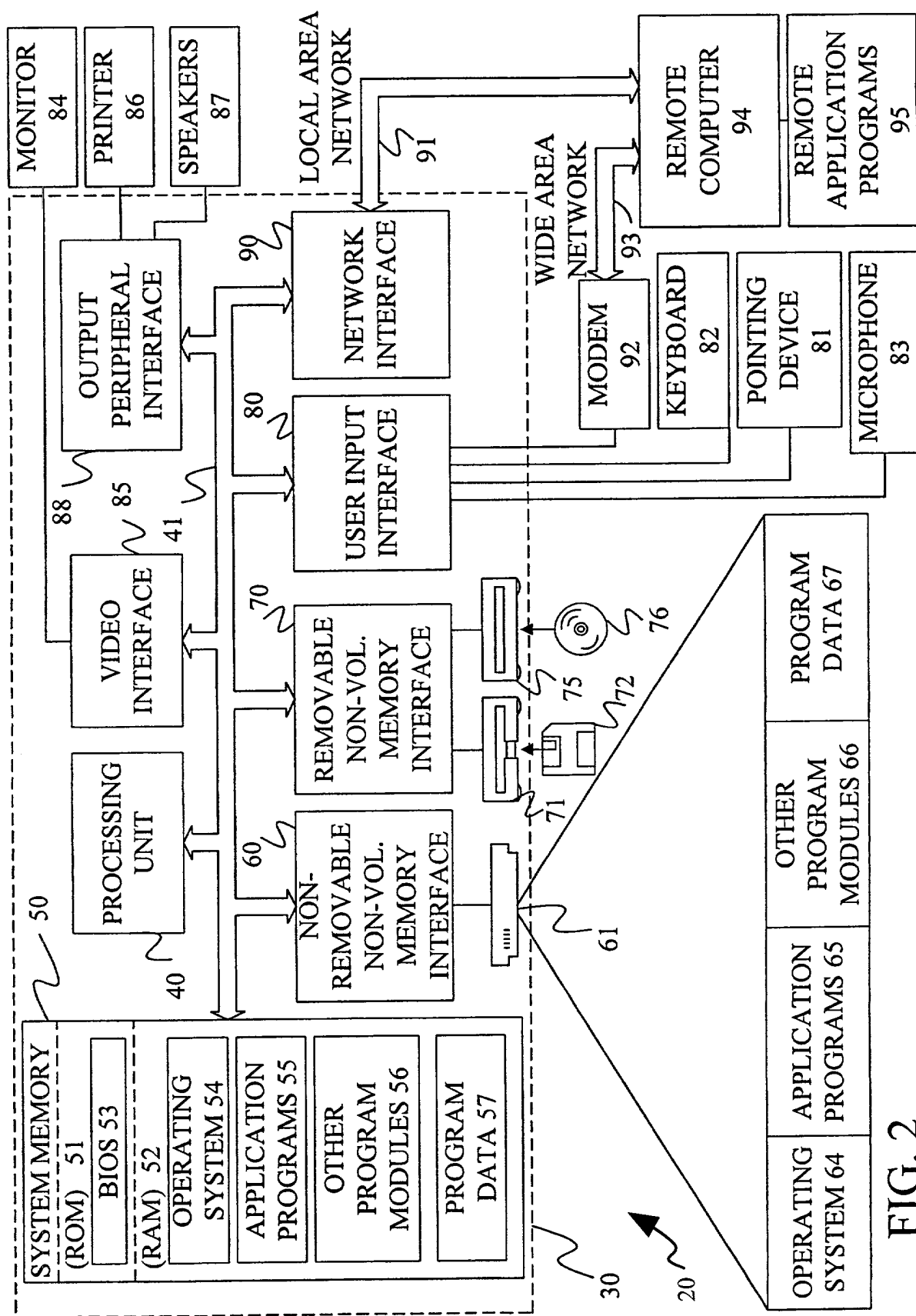


FIG. 2

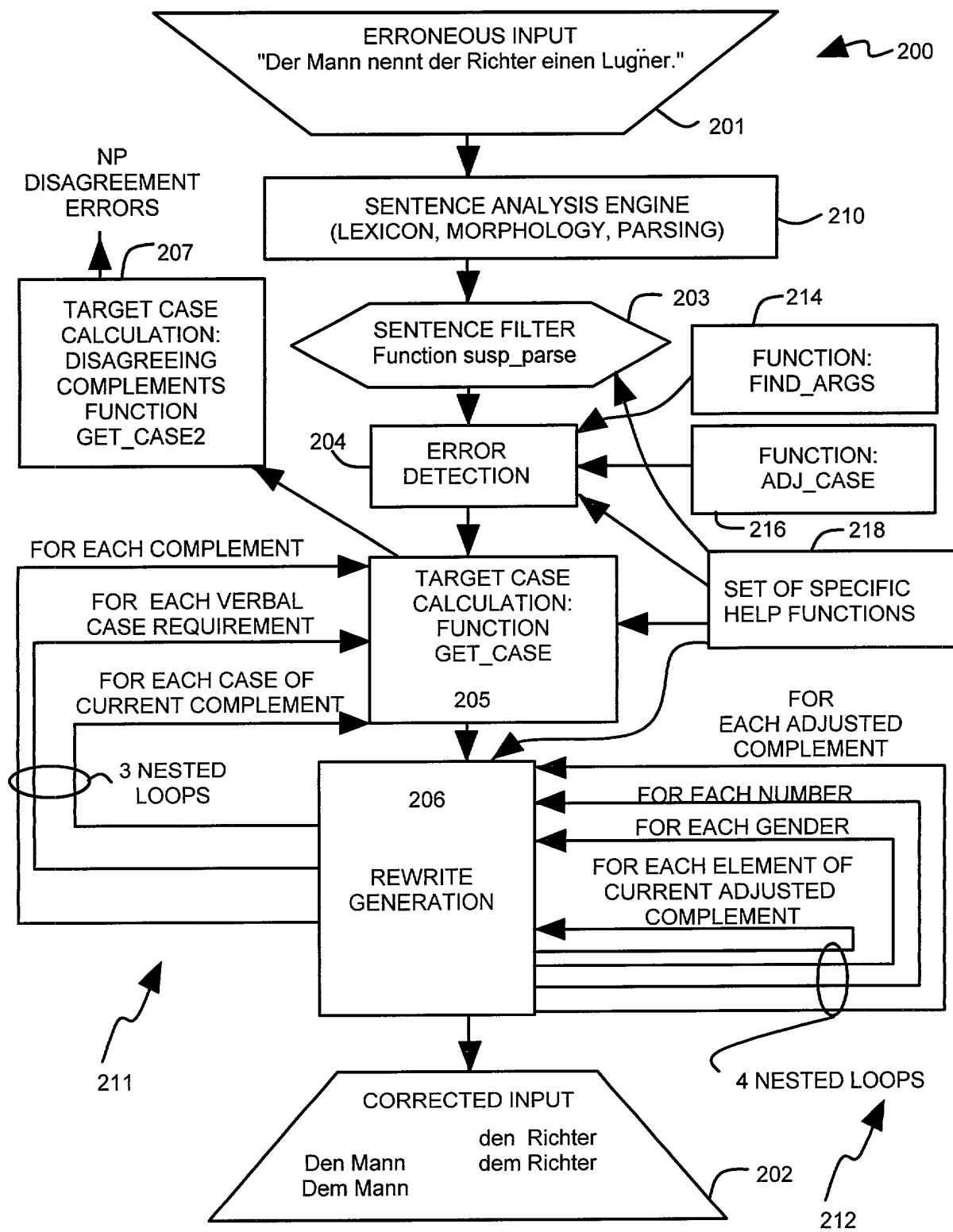


FIG. 3

FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating a process for analyzing a sentence structure in a grammar checker engine. The process starts with a faulty user input, which is then analyzed by a sentence analysis engine. The engine identifies case-carrying complements and filters for suspicious sentence structures. It then enters an error detection component, which identifies a case requiring an element. The process then compares the input scenario to defined exceptions and compares the case requirements and present cases with correct scenarios. Finally, it calculates the target case for each complement.

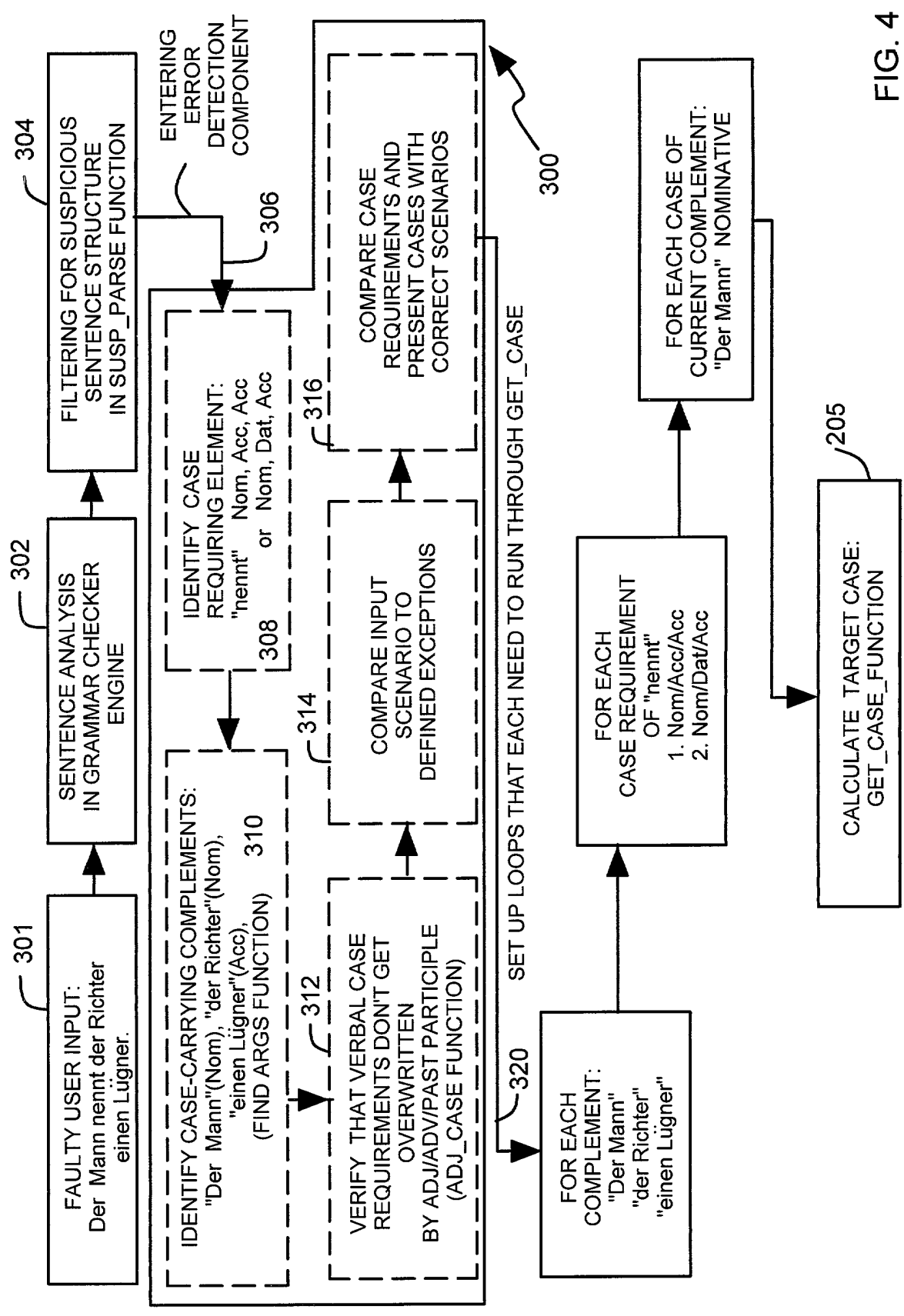


FIG. 4

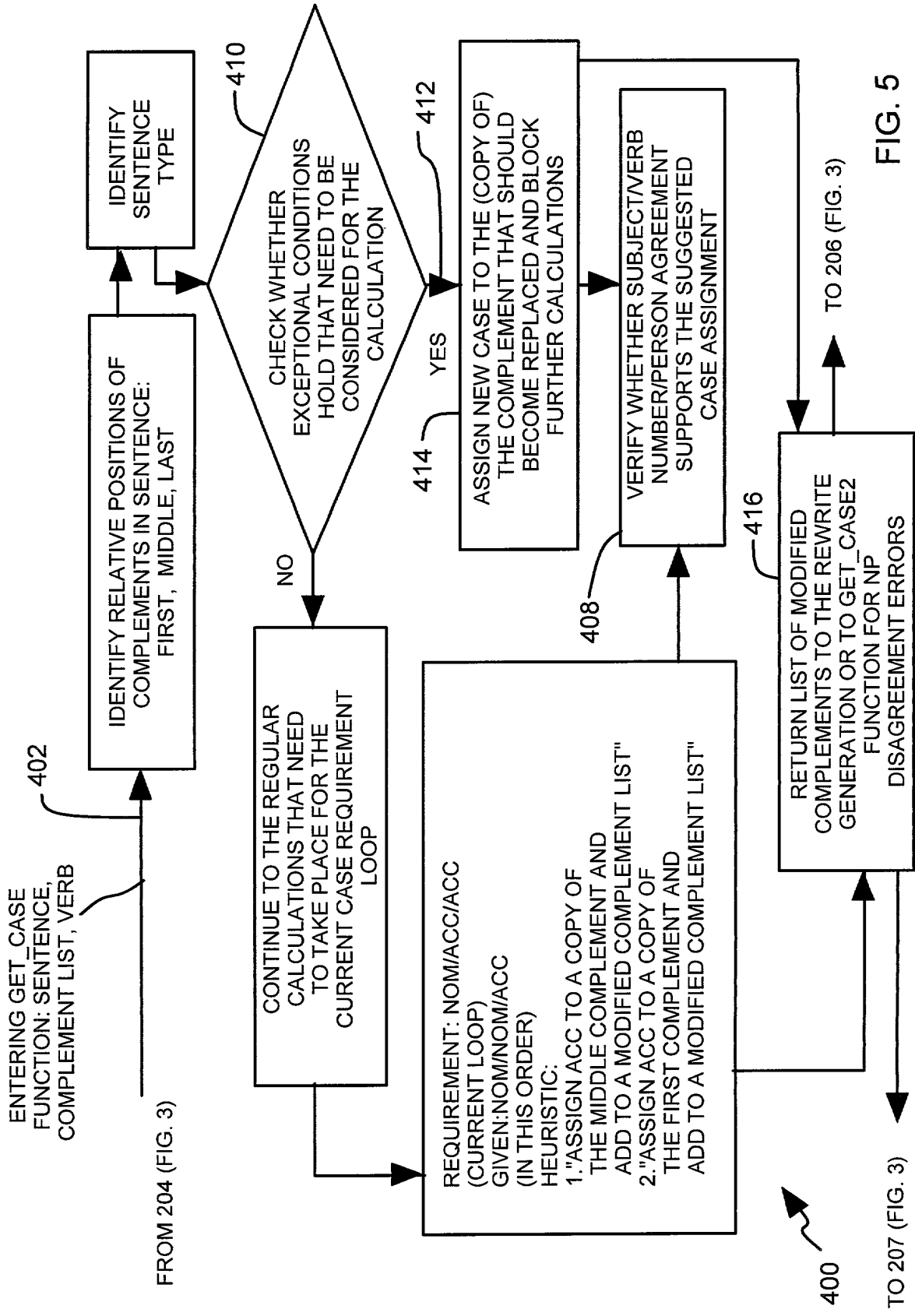
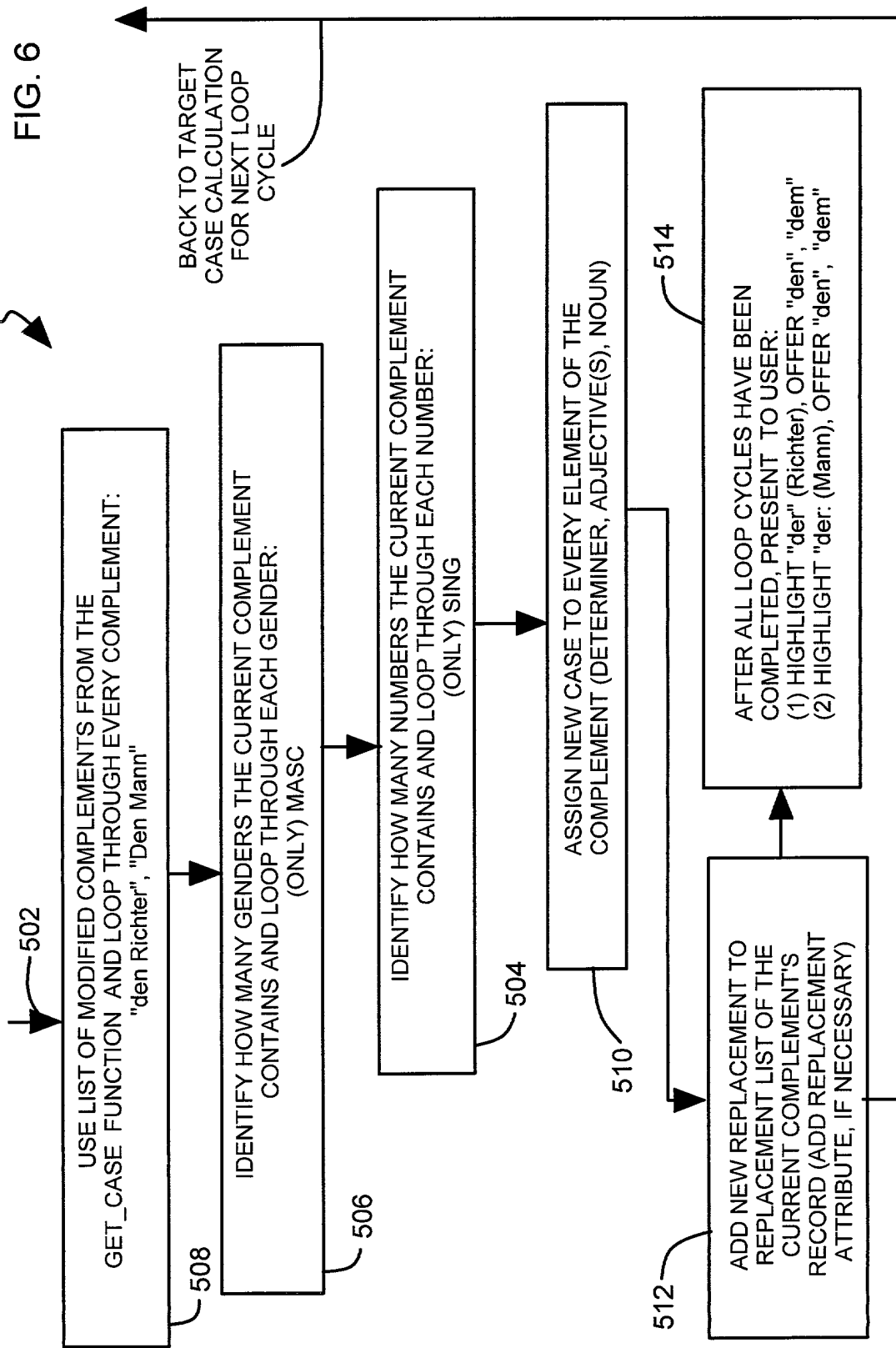


FIG. 5

FIG. 6

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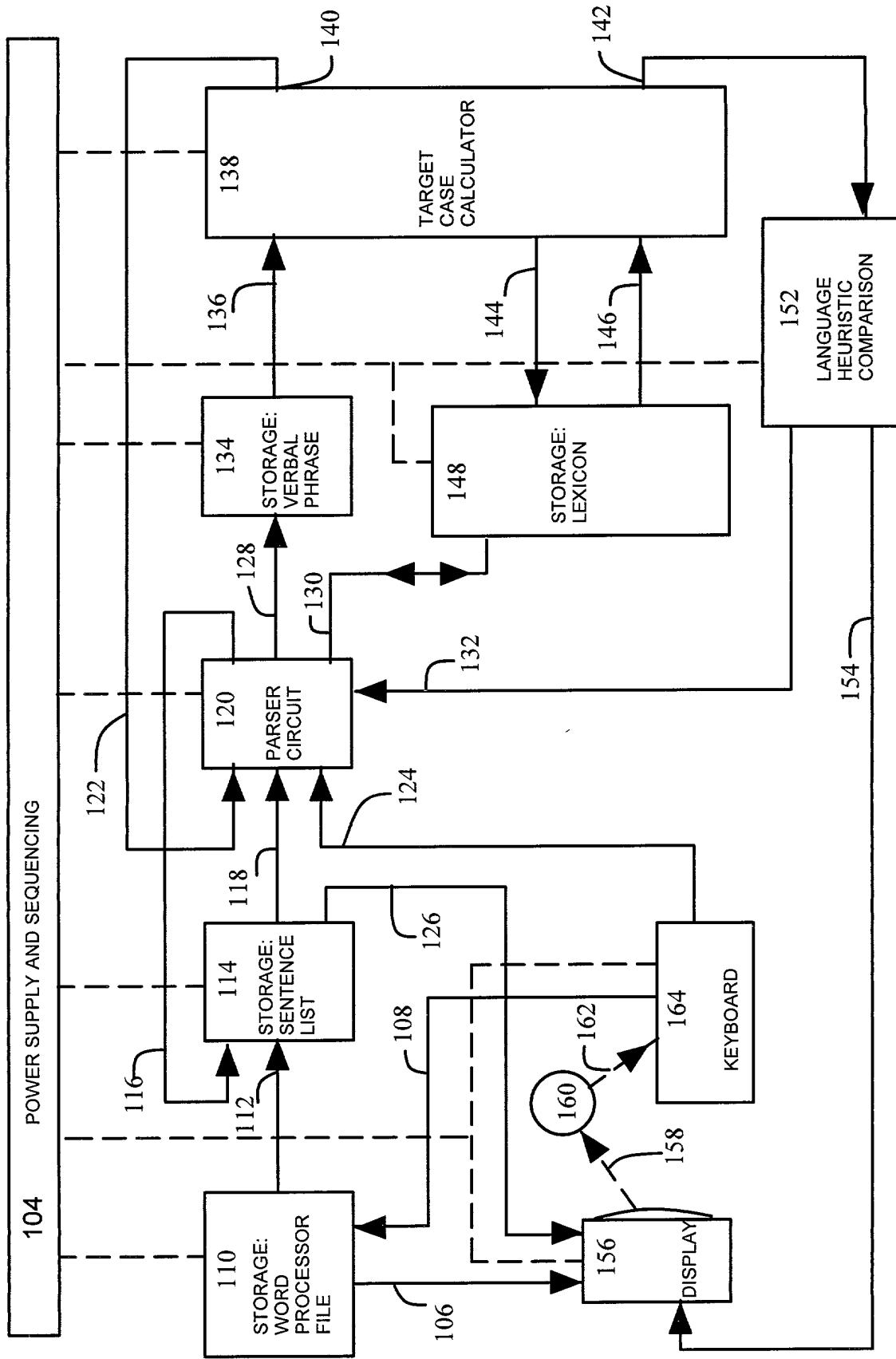


FIG. 7